## MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL — HARRITY ELEMENTARY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR JUNE 30, 2022)



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# MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL – HARRITY ELEMENTARY TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	8
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	9
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	10
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	11
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	12
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	13
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	14
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)	
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED)	34
SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF PSERS NET PENSION LIABILITY AND CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)	35
SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF PSERS NET OPEB LIABILITY AND CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)	36
SINGLE AUDIT REQUIREMENTS	
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	37
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	38

# MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL – HARRITY ELEMENTARY TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER	
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS	
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN	
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	39
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR	
FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER	
COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	41
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	44



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# **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Board of Trustees Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

## **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the general fund of Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Mastery Charter School Harrity Elementary's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Mastery Charter School Harrity Elementary's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – budget and actual, the schedules of proportionate share of PSERS net pension liability and contributions, and the schedules of proportionate share of PSERS net OPEB liability and contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in

accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's 2022 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund in our report dated November 29, 2022. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 16, 2023, on our consideration of Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

King of Prussia, Pennsylvania November 16, 2023

The management of Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary (the School) offers readers of the School's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the School's financial statements.

## Financial Highlights

- Total revenues decreased by \$548,701 to \$15,881,533, primarily due to a decrease in local educational agencies and federal sources for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the School reports ending net position of \$1,183,812. This net position balance represents an increase in net position of \$1,784,807 for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the School reports an ending general fund balance of \$5,366,865. This general fund balance represents an increase in fund balance of \$1,147,729 for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- The School's cash and investments balance at June 30, 2023 was \$6,891,041, representing an increase of \$1,147,886 from June 30, 2022.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements as presented comprise four components: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary schedule, and reporting requirements under *Government Auditing Standards* and Uniform Guidance.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The government-wide financial statements report on the function of the School that is principally supported by subsidies from school districts whose constituents attend the School.

## **Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)**

#### Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a group of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or purposes. The School, like governmental type entities, utilizes fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The School has only one fund type, the governmental general fund.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the School, liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows by \$1,183,812 as of June 30, 2023.

	 2023	 2022
Current and Other Assets	\$ 7,269,748	\$ 6,395,815
Capital Assets	1,842,451	1,984,459
Total Assets	9,112,199	8,380,274
Deferred Outflows	887,429	1,054,429
Current Liabilities	1,840,337	2,198,944
Noncurrent Liabilities	6,198,996	6,406,271
Total Liabilities	 8,039,333	 8,605,215
Deferred Inflows	 776,483	 1,430,483
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,766,644	1,894,923
Unrestricted	 (582,832)	 (2,495,918)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,183,812	\$ (600,995)

# **Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

The School's revenues are predominately from the School District of Philadelphia, based on the student enrollment and awards from federal and state sources.

	 2023	 2022
REVENUES		
Local Educational Agencies	\$ 10,952,072	\$ 11,745,497
State Sources	318,626	93,101
Federal Sources	4,287,886	4,409,193
Other Grants and Contributions	5,336	421
Other Local Sources	193,526	176,482
Interest	 124,087	5,540
Total Revenues	15,881,533	16,430,234
EXPENDITURES		
Instruction	6,216,528	5,834,755
Special Education	3,277,075	3,774,379
Student Support Services	1,113,480	1,084,991
Administration Support	2,081,189	2,265,740
Pupil Health	104,725	275,061
Business Services	72,900	71,700
Operations and Maintenance	713,138	875,937
Student Transportation Services	8,213	22
Other Support Services	145,676	139,688
Student Activities	176,000	220,048
Interest Expense	6,895	8,738
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	 180,907	162,788
Total Expenditures	 14,096,726	 14,713,847
Change in Net Position	1,784,807	1,716,387
Net Position - Beginning	 (600,995)	 (2,317,382)
Net Position - Ending	\$ 1,183,812	\$ (600,995)

## Governmental Fund

The focus of the School's *governmental fund* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, *fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending for program purposes at the end of the fiscal year.

The School's governmental fund, (the General Fund), reported an ending fund balance of \$5,366,865. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School's revenues (\$15,794,712) exceeded expenditures (\$14,646,983) by \$1,147,729.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Actual revenues were greater than budgeted revenues by \$800,712 due to greater than budgeted local educational agencies, state sources, federal sources, other grants and contributions, and interest offset by less than budgeted other local sources. Actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$88,017 due to less than budgeted expenditures for instruction, special education, student support services, instruction support services, administration support, pupil health, other support services, and capital outlays offset by greater than budgeted expenditures for business services, operations and maintenance, student transportation services, student activities, and debt service.

## Capital Asset

As of June 30, 2023, the School's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities totaled \$1,766,644 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and related debt). This investment in capital assets includes building improvements, furniture and equipment, right-to-use lease equipment, and software.

Major capital asset purchases during the year included the following:

- Building improvements of \$15,475
- Furniture and equipment of \$23,424

Additional information on the School's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

As of June 30, 2023, the School reported debt of \$67,271 for lease liability. See Note 4.

## Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The School's primary source of revenue, per pupil funding from School District of Philadelphia, is expected to increase from \$9,442 to \$11,521 per regular education student and increase from \$31,651 to \$36,278 per special education student.

## Contacting the School's Financial Management

The financial report is designed to provide interested parties a general overview of the School's finances. Questions regarding any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Mastery Charter School – Pickett Campus, 5700 Wayne Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19144.

#### MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL — HARRITY ELEMENTARY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2022)

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$ 6,891,041	\$ 5,743,155
State Subsidies Receivable	29,923	φ 5,745,155
Federal Subsidies Receivable	153,245	356,055
Other Receivables	104,621	102,993
Prepaid Expenses	89,699	193,612
Due from Other Governmental Entities	1,219	-
Total Current Assets	7,269,748	6,395,815
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	1,842,451	1,984,459
Total Assets	9,112,199	8,380,274
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
Deferred Outflows from Pensions - See Note 8	841,000	993,000
Deferred Outflows from OPEB - See Note 9	46,429	61,429
Total Deferred Outflows	887,429	1,054,429
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES	04.075	00.005
Lease Liability - Current Portion	24,275	22,265
Accounts Payable	410,864	516,205
Accrued Expenses Unearned Revenue	1,277,222	1,652,957
Due to Other Governmental Entities	127,976	- 7,517
Total Current Liabilities	1,840,337	2,198,944
Total Current Liabilities	1,040,337	2,190,944
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Lease Liability - Net of Current Portion	42,996	67,271
Net OPEB Liability	243,000	345,000
Net Pension Liability	5,913,000	5,994,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities	6,198,996	6,406,271
Total Liabilities	8,039,333	8,605,215
DEFERRED INFLOWS		
Deferred Inflows from Pensions - See Note 8	649,483	1,356,483
Deferred Inflows from OPEB - See Note 9	127,000	74,000
Total Deferred Inflows	776,483	1,430,483
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,766,644	1,894,923
Unrestricted	(582,832)	(2,495,918)
Chrotholdu	(002,002)	(2,100,010)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 1,183,812</u>	\$ (600,995)

#### MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL — HARRITY ELEMENTARY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)

Functions		<b>-</b>		Program Revenues Operating Grants and pontributions	 2023 Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Total overnmental Activities	R ( 	2022 et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Position Total overnmental Activities
		Expenses		Shinbulions	 Activities	—	Activities
Governmental activities Instruction Special Education Student Support Services Administration Support Pupil Health Business Services Operations and Maintenance Student Transportation Services Other Support Services Student Activities Interest Expense	\$	6,216,528 3,277,075 1,113,480 2,081,189 104,725 72,900 713,138 8,213 145,676 176,000 6,895	\$	4,142,059 145,827 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ (2,074,469) (3,131,248) (1,113,480) (2,081,189) (104,725) (72,900) (713,138) (8,213) (145,676) (176,000) (6,895)	\$	(1,624,986) (3,574,955) (1,084,991) (2,265,740) (275,061) (71,700) (875,937) (22) (139,688) (220,048) (8,738)
Depreciation and Amortization Expense		180,907		-	 (180,907)		(162,788)
Total	\$	14,096,726	\$	4,287,886	(9,808,840)		(10,304,654)
	Lo	ERAL REVENU cal Educational ate Grants and	-	es	10,952,072		11,745,497
		eimbursements			318,626		93,101
		her Grants and		utions	5,336		421
	Ot	her Local Sourc	es		193,526		176,482
	Int	erest			 124,087		5,540
		Total General	Reven	ues	11,593,647		12,021,041
	СНА	NGE IN NET PO	OSITIO	N	1,784,807		1,716,387
	Net F	Position - Beginr	ning of	Year	 (600,995)		(2,317,382)
	NET	POSITION - EN	ID OF `	/EAR	\$ 1,183,812	\$	(600,995)

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

## MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL — HARRITY ELEMENTARY BALANCE SHEET — GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2022)

		2023		2022
	General		General	
		Fund		Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$	6,891,041	\$	5,743,155
State Subsidies Receivable	Ŧ	29,923	Ŧ	-,
Federal Subsidies Receivable		153,245		356,055
Other Receivables		104,621		102,993
Prepaid Expenses		89,699		193,612
Due from Other Governmental Entities		1,219		-
Total Assets	\$	7,269,748	\$	6,395,815
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
AND FUND BALANCE				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	410,864	\$	516,205
Accrued Expenses		1,277,222		1,652,957
Unearned Revenue		127,976		-
Due to Other Governmental Entities		-		7,517
Total Liabilities		1,816,062		2,176,679
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenues		86,821		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		86,821		-
FUND BALANCE				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Expenses		89,699		193,612
Committed to:		,		
Facilities Reserves		4,054,000		2,000,000
Unassigned		-		508,619
Assigned to:		4 000 400		
Future Budget Deficits		1,223,166		1,516,905
Total Fund Balance		5,366,865		4,219,136
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$	7,269,748	\$	6,395,815

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

## MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL — HARRITY ELEMENTARY RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance for Governmental Funds	\$ 5,366,865
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: Capital Assets, Net	1,842,451
Lease liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(67,271)
Certain other local sources receivable will be collected in the future, but are not available to pay for current period's expenditures and, therefore, are not recognized as revenue on the funds: Deferred Inflows of Resources – Unavailable Revenue	86,821
Long-term liabilities that pertain to governmental funds, including net pension obligations, net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position.	
OPEB Pension	(323,571) (5,721,483)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,183,812

#### MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL — HARRITY ELEMENTARY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE — GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)

	2023 General Fund	2022 General Fund
REVENUES	<b>•</b> • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •
Local Educational Agencies	\$ 10,952,072	\$ 11,745,497
State Sources	318,626	93,101
Federal Sources	4,287,886	4,409,193
Other Grants and Contributions	5,336	421
Other Local Sources	106,705	176,482
Interest	124,087	5,540
Total Revenues	15,794,712	16,430,234
EXPENDITURES		
Instruction	6,650,277	6,557,985
Special Education	3,341,937	3,874,562
Student Support Services	1,174,171	1,174,423
Administration Support	2,187,916	2,462,058
Pupil Health	104,725	275,704
Business Services	72,900	71,700
Operations and Maintenance	713,138	875,937
Student Transportation Services	8,213	22
Other Support Services	145,676	139,688
Student Activities	179,971	223,402
Capital Outlays	38,899	184,999
Debt Service - Principal - Lease Liability	22,265	-
Debt Service - Interest Expense	6,895	-
Total Expenditures	14,646,983	15,840,480
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,147,729	589,754
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	4,219,136	3,629,382
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,366,865	\$ 4,219,136

## MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL — HARRITY ELEMENTARY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance — Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,147,729
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. Depreciation and Amortization Expense Capital Outlays	(180,907) 38,899
Governmental funds report lease liability proceeds as other financing sources in the period the lease is initially recognized, while repayment is reported as expenditures. In the statement of net position, however, the lease liability increases liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities and repayment of principal reduces the obligations. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of the lease liability is as follows: Repayments of Lease Liability - Right-to-Use	22,265
Because other local sources revenue will not be collected for several months after fiscal year-end, they are not considered as available revenues in the funds. Unavailable other local sources revenue increased by the amount during the year. Unavailable Revenue	86,821
Governmental Funds report school pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost incurred for future pension and OPEB benefits is reported as pension and OPEB expense, as follows: Change in Pension Expense Change in OPEB Expense	636,000 34,000
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,784,807

## NOTE 1 BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Background**

Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary (School) was formed as a Pennsylvania nonprofit corporation in July 2010. The School was granted a charter by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to operate an independent public school for an initial five-year term beginning July 1, 2010, in accordance with Pennsylvania Act 22 of 1997. The charter was renewed for an additional five-year term of July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2025. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School served approximately 805 students in grades kindergarten through eight.

#### Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the School have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing government accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB has issued a codification of governmental accounting and financial financial reporting standards.

#### **Comparative Financial Information**

The financial statements include certain prior year summarized comparative information in total. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 from which the summarized information was derived.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report on the School as a whole. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the School's functions are offset by program revenues.

The fund financial statements (governmental fund balance sheet and statement of governmental fund revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) report on the School's General Fund.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by provider have been met.

Net position represents the total of assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

## NOTE 1 BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

## Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days of the end of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

The government reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund — The General Fund is the operating fund of the School and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the School.

## Method of Accounting

Accounting standards requires a statement of net position and a statement of activities. It requires the classification of net position into three components — net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. These calculations are defined as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.
- Restricted This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The School presently has no restricted net position.
- Unrestricted net position This component of net position consists of net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

## NOTE 1 BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Method of Accounting (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable portions of fund balance related to prepaid expenses, long-term receivables, and corpus on any permanent fund. Restricted funds are constrained from outside parties (statute, grantors, bond agreements, etc.). Committed fund balances represent amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a governmental entity using its highest level of decision-making authority. Committed fund balances are established and modified by a resolution approved by the board of trustees. Assigned fund balances are intended by the School to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed and is determined by Board resolution. Unassigned fund balances are considered the remaining amounts.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available, it is currently the School's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted fund balance. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts are available, it is currently the School's policy to use committed first, then assigned, and finally unassigned amounts.

## Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund.

The budgetary comparison schedule presents both the original and the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period. The School only has a general fund budget; an original budget was filed and accepted by the Labor, Education, and Community Services Comptroller's Office in June 2022. An amended budget was approved by the board of trustees in January 2023. The budget is required supplementary information.

## Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Concentration of Credit Risk

Periodically, the School may maintain deposits in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation's (FDIC) limit of \$250,000, with financial institutions. At times, cash in bank may exceed FDIC insurable limits.

## NOTE 1 BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Significant Accounting Estimates – Self-Insured Claims

The School participates in a self-funded benefit payment plan (the Plan). The Mastery Charter High School is the sponsor of the Plan. The Plan covers eligible employees/members and dependents of the School as defined in the agreement. The School is primarily self-insured, up to certain limits, for employee group health claims. The Plan contains stop-loss insurance, which will reimburse the Plan for amounts of paid claims in excess of \$200,000 on any individual covered by the Plan in the policy year ending June 30, 2023. The stop-loss insurance also provides up to \$1,000,000 of coverage beyond the aggregate annual claims limit of \$23,205,263 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The annual claims limit is based on the average enrollment of 1,409 covered employees, but is ultimately derived based on the actual covered employees times a monthly claims factor of \$1,373, for each month of the policy period.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School paid premiums to Mastery Charter High School based on 1) the Plan's historical claims experience, 2) actual claims for the year ended June 30 2023, and 3) the estimated claims incurred but not reported. Such estimates were provided by the School's benefits consultant.

The expense under the program was approximately \$20,151,914, which includes the School's portion of \$1,073,980 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School's cash is considered to be cash on hand and amounts held at financial institutions.

#### **Investments**

Money market funds are stated at cost.

#### Fair Value

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value in three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market:

*Level 1* – unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities.

## NOTE 1 BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Fair Value (Continued)

*Level 2* – other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets and liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market-corroborated inputs).

*Level 3* – unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available.

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for assets or liabilities categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirely.

## Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable primarily consist of amounts due from the Pennsylvania Department of Education for federal and state subsidy programs. Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. As of June 30, 2023, no allowance for doubtful accounts was deemed warranted based on historical experience.

## Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses include payments to vendors for services applicable to future accounting periods such as insurance premiums.

## Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Capital assets of the School are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets except for building improvements which are limited to the shorter of the life of the School's Charter or the estimated useful lives of the improvements. Software costs are depreciated over 36 months using the straight-line method. Intangible right-to use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the life of the underlying asset or the lease term.

## NOTE 1 BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### <u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows resources to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS or the System) and additions to/deductions from PSERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms investments are reported at fair value.

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

## Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multiemployer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.psers.pa.qov</u>.

## Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least one year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F).

To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of three years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, or the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after 10 years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

## NOTE 1 BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Pensions (Continued)

#### **Benefits Provided (Continued)**

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

## Contributions

## Member Contributions:

Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2011, automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.5% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect Class T-F membership, contribute at 10.3% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause the Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.5% and 9.5% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.3% and 12.3%.

Act 5 of 2017 created additional classes of service (Class T-G, T-H and DC) that reduce the defined benefit formula but add a defined contribution component to the employee benefit. These plans are effective for employees who join PSERS on or after July 1, 2019. Total member contributions between the two plans range from 7.5% to 8.25%, depending on the class selection. The employer contribution to the defined contribution plan ranges from 2% to 2.25%, with the balance of the contractually required PSERS contribution rate paid to the defined benefit plan. The defined contribution component of a PSERS retirement benefit will be based on the amount of contributions made by the member and the School and the investment performance on those contributions. Contributions have the potential to grow based on investment earnings but are not guaranteed against loss in declining investment markets.

## NOTE 1 BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Pensions (Continued)

**Contributions (Continued)** 

#### **Employer Contributions:**

The employers contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was 34.31% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions is expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the employer were \$637,000 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

## Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to /deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### General Information about the Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

#### Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

PSERS provides Premium Assistance which, is a governmental cost sharing, multipleemployer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

#### Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria

Retirees of the System can participate in the Premium Assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> or more years of service, or
- Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, and
- Participate in the HOP or employer-sponsored health insurance program.

#### Benefits Provided

Participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2022, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

## NOTE 1 BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

# General Information about the Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program (Continued)

#### Employer Contributions

The School's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was 0.75% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the School were \$14,000 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### <u>Leases</u>

The School is a lessee for various equipment. The School recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements based on the criteria dictated in GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*.

At the commencement of a lease, the School initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease liabilities are reported with the long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

An intangible right-to use lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date. The intangible right-to use lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the life of the underlying asset or the lease term. The intangible right-to use lease asset is reported with the School's capital assets in its own category called Right-to-Use Lease Assets.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the School determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

The School uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the School is utilizing the treasury bill rate (corresponding to length of lease) in place at the commencement of the lease term along with other risk factors to determine the discount interest rate for leases.

The lease terms include the noncancellable and renewals periods of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments through the end of the term, which includes any renewal periods.

The School has recognized payments for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as expenses as incurred, and these leases are not included as lease liabilities or right-to-use lease assets on the statements of net position.

## NOTE 1 BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Income Tax Status

The School is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Service Code. No provision for income taxes has been established.

## **Reclassification**

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation.

## Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Agreements (SBITA)*. This standard requires the recognition of right-to-use subscription assets and subscription liabilities for contracts that convey control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Under this standard, a government is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset.

The School adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2022 and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption. The adoption of GASB 96 standard did not have any impact on the beginning net position in the financial statements.

## NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

#### <u>Deposits</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School's deposits may not be returned to it. The School invests in repurchase agreements with its bank wherein the funds are secured by obligations of the U.S. government or agencies or instrumentalities of the U.S. government. As of June 30, 2023, \$4,064,322 of the School's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$ 4,064,322
Total Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 4,064,322
Reconciliation to the financial statements:	
Custodial Credit Risk from Above	\$ 4,064,322
Plus: Insured Amount	256,727
Less: Outstanding Checks	(65,649)
Plus: Petty Cash	 1,000
Total Cash	 4,256,400
Investments	 2,634,641
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 6,891,041

#### NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Investments**

As of June 30, 2023, the School's investments are stated at cost. Investments are comprised of a money market fund and totaled \$2,634,641 as of June 30, 2023.

#### NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are stated at cost. Depreciation and amortization have been calculated on such assets using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Building Improvements	2 to 5 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5 to 10 Years
Right-to-Use Lease Assets	5 Years

Capital asset activity for the year is summarized below:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1,			June 30,
Description	2022	Deletions	Additions	2023
Building Improvements	\$ 2,988,619	\$ -	\$ 15,475	\$ 3,004,094
Furniture and Equipment	819,718	52,073	23,424	791,069
Right-to-Use Lease Assets	109,958			109,958
Total	3,918,295	52,073	38,899	3,905,121
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	1,906,346	52,073	153,417	2,007,690
Less: Accumulated Amortization	27,490		27,490	54,980
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,984,459	\$-	\$ (142,008)	\$ 1,842,451

Depreciation and amortization expense charged to governmental functions amounted to \$180,907 for the year ended June 30, 2023 and is unallocated in the statement of activities.

#### NOTE 4 LEASES

#### Lease Liability: Right-to-Use Asset Agreements

The School leases copier equipment for a monthly payment of \$2,430, including principal and interest, at a rate of 8.673% through January 2026. The lease has no renewal option.

Total principal and interest costs for this lease for governmental funds were \$29,160 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Total future minimum lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	P	rincipal	Ir	nterest	 Total
2024	\$	24,275	\$	4,885	\$ 29,160
2025		26,467		2,693	29,160
2026		16,529		481	 17,010
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$	67,271	\$	8,059	\$ 75,330

## NOTE 4 LEASES (CONTINUED)

## Lease Liability: Right-to-Use Asset Agreements (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in lease liability for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	E	Balance					E	alance
		July 1,					J	une 30,
		2022 Ir		Increases Decreas		creases		2023
Lease Liability	\$	89,536	\$	-	\$	22,265	\$	67,271

The lease agreements qualify as right-to-use assets for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as the date of their inception. The assets acquired through right-to-use asset lease agreements are as follows:

	 vernmental Activities
Right-to-Use Lease Assets: Equipment	\$ 109,958
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	54,980
Anonization	\$ 54,978

## NOTE 5 REVENUE

Charter schools are funded by the local public school district in which each student resides. The rate per student is determined annually and is based on the budgeted total expenditure per average daily membership of the prior school year for each school district. The majority of the students for the School reside in Philadelphia. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the rate for the School District of Philadelphia was \$9,442 per year for regular education students plus additional funding for special education students. The annual rate is paid monthly by the School District of Philadelphia and is prorated if a student enters or leaves during the year. Total revenue from these sources was \$10,952,072 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### NOTE 6 GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND REIMBURSEMENT PROGRAMS

The School participates in numerous state and federal grant and reimbursement programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs and reimbursement programs for social security taxes, retirement expense, facility lease expense, and health services are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the School has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants and reimbursement programs, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2023 may be impaired. In the opinion of the School, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

#### NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLAN

Effective July 1, 2012, the School was part of the Mastery Charter School 403(b) Retirement Plan, a multiemployer defined contribution plan under Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, which employees of the School can elect to contribute. Employees, who do not participate in the PSERS retirement plan, can contribute up to 5% of their qualified compensation, with the School matching up to 5% of their qualified compensation. Employees who participate in the PSERS retirement plan can also participate in the 403(b) plan, but these 403(b) contributions are not matched by the School. The School's contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$221,396.

Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions. Employees become vested in School contributions and earnings on School contributions after one year of services. Nonvested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment and such forfeitures are used to pay a portion of the Plan's administrative expenses.

The School did not have a liability to the Plan at June 30, 2023.

#### NOTE 8 PENSION LIABILITIES, PENSION EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

At June 30, 2023, the School reported a liability of \$5,913,000 for its proportionate share of net pension liability for the PSERS Plan. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the School's one-year required contributions as it relates to the total one-year reported required contributions. At June 30, 2023, the School's proportion was 0.0133%, which was an decrease of 0.0013% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School recognized a pension expense of \$19,000. At June 30, 2023, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		_	Deferred Inflows Resources
Difference Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$	3,000	\$	(51,000)
Changes in Assumptions		177,000		-
Net Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Investment Earnings		-		(100,000)
Changes in Proportions		24,000		(497,000)
Difference Between Employer Contributions				
and Proportionate Share of Total Contributions		-		(1,483)
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		637,000		-
Total	\$	841,000	\$	(649,483)

## NOTE 8 PENSION LIABILITIES, PENSION EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

The amount of \$637,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	 Amount		
2024	\$ (158,507)		
2025	(134,676)		
2026	(308,393)		
2027	 156,093		
Total	\$ (445,483)		

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Level % of Pay
- Investment Return The investment rate of return was 7.00%, including inflation at 2.50%.
- Salary Increases Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the experience study that was performed for the five-year period ending June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

## NOTE 8 PENSION LIABILITIES, PENSION EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Public Equity	28.0 %	5.3 %
Private Equity	12.0 %	8.0 %
Fixed Income	33.0 %	2.3 %
Commodities	9.0 %	2.3 %
Infrastructure/MLPs	9.0 %	5.4 %
Real Estate	11.0 %	4.6 %
Absolute Return	6.0 %	3.5 %
Cash	3.0 %	0.5 %
Leverage	(11.0)%	0.5 %
Total	100.0 %	

The above was the PSERS board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022.

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projections of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from Plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net asset position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## <u>Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to</u> <u>Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%), or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate (in thousands):

		1%	С	Current		1%
	De	ecrease	Disco	ount Rate	In	crease
Employer's Proportionate Share of						
the Net Pension Liability	\$	7,648	\$	5,913	\$	4,450

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at <u>www.psers.pa.gov</u>.

#### NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, BENEFIT EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

At June 30, 2023, the School reported a liability of \$243,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2023, the School's proportion was 0.0132%, which was an decrease of 0.0013% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School recognized OPEB credit of (\$20,000). At June 30, 2023, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		-	Deferred Inflows Resources
Difference Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$	2,000	\$	(1,000)
Changes in Assumptions		27,000		(57,000)
Net Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Investment Earnings		1,000		-
Changes in Proportions		2,000		(69,000)
Difference Between Employer Contributions				
and Proportionate Share of Total Contributions		429		-
Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		14,000		-
Total	\$	46,429	\$	(127,000)

The amount of \$14,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	/	Amount		
2024	\$	(32,649)		
2025		(20,961)		
2026		(15,245)		
2027		(11,609)		
2028		(10,520)		
Thereafter		(3,587)		
Total	\$	(94,571)		

## NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, BENEFIT EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

# Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, was determined by rolling forward the PSERS total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021, to June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method was entry age normal, level percent of pay.
- Investment return 4.09% S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate.
- Effective average salary growth of 4.5%, comprising 2.50% for inflation and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit and seniority increases.
- Premium Assistance reimbursement benefits capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale.
- Participation rate:
  - Eligible retirees will elect to participate pre-age 65 at 50%,
  - Eligible retirees will elect to participate post-age 65 at 70%.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five year the period ending June 30, 2020.

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022.
- Cost method was developed using the amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- Asset valuation method was market value.
- Participation rate assumed that 63% of eligible retirees will elect premium assistance.
- Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

Investments consist primarily of short-term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

## NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, BENEFIT EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

# Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

The OPEB plan's policy with regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code, employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Following is the PSERS board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, as of June 30, 2022.

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Cash	100.0 %	0.50 %
	100.0 %	

# Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.09% at June 30, 2022. Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short-term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short-term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments; therefore, the plan is considered to be a pay-as-you-go plan. A discount rate of 4.09%, which represents the S&P 20-year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2022, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

## Sensitivity of the System Net OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual Premium Assistance. As of June 30, 2022, retirees Premium Assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The annual Premium Assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. As of June 30, 2022, 93,293 retirees were receiving the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year and 582 members were receiving less than the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on Healthcare Cost Trends as depicted below.

## NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, BENEFIT EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## <u>Sensitivity of the System Net OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend</u> <u>Rates (Continued)</u>

The following presents the School's share of the Premium Assistance net OPEB liability at June 30, 2022, calculated using Healthcare Cost Trends as well as what the System net OPEB liability would be if the Healthcare Cost Trends were 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

Sensitivity of the Premium Assistance Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the					
	Healthcare	Cost Tre	nd Rate (in 1	Thousan	ds)
Health Care					
		Cos	t Trend		
1% Decrease Current Rate 1% Increase					
\$	243	\$	243	\$	243

# Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 4.09%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (3.09%) or one percentage point higher (5.09%) than the current rate (4.09%).

Sensitivity of the Premium Assistance Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the								
Discount Rate (in Thousands)								
1% De	1% Decrease		Current Rate		1% Increase			
3.	3.09%		4.09%		5.09%			
\$	275	\$	243	\$	216			

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in the PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at <u>www.psers.pa.gov</u>.

## NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School carries commercial insurance for such risks. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the past three years.

## NOTE 11 MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

The Mastery Schools use the Network Support Team (NST) for their educational, administrative, and financial services. The NST is a proprietary fund that is included in the total activities of the Mastery Charter High School.

As of July 1, 2022, the School entered into a one-year agreement with the Mastery Charter High School to provide educational, administrative, finance, and other back-office services. As a result of common usage of the NST, the Mastery Schools are considered related parties (see Note 12). The NST management fee is 10% of the per-pupil funding received from the local school district by each school. The total fee was \$1,095,207 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The management agreement also provides for technology deployed at each school. The technology subscription fee is set annually based on the technology June 30, 2023. Unless specified notice is given, the management agreement agreement renews each year during the term of the School's charter.

## NOTE 12 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Mastery Charter High School, Mastery Charter School – Shoemaker Campus, Mastery Charter School – Thomas Campus, Elementary Mastery Charter School – Pickett Campus, Mastery Charter School – Smedley Elementary, Mastery Charter School – Mann Elementary, Hardy Williams Academy Charter School, Mastery Charter School – Clymer Elementary, Grover Cleveland Mastery Charter School, Mastery Charter School – Gratz Campus, Francis D. Pastorius Mastery Charter School, Frederick Douglass Mastery Charter School, Mastery Charter School – John Wister Elementary, and Mastery Prep Elementary Charter School are considered related parties as a result of common members of the boards, the management of the schools and common usage of the NST (see Note 11).

The following represents amounts due from and to related parties as of June 30, 2023:

	Due		Du	eio
	(Receivable)		(Pay	vable)
Due to/from Other Governmental Entities (all Schools)	\$	1,219	\$	-

Due from

Due to

#### NOTE 13 CONTINGENCIES

The School is sometimes subject to litigation or the threat of litigation in the ordinary course of its business. In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the School recognizes such contingencies in the financial statements when it is both probable that a material liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated.

# MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL — HARRITY ELEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL — GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Over
	Budgetec	I Amounts	Actual	(Under) Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
REVENUES	0			
Local Educational Agencies	\$ 11,000,000	\$ 10,545,000	\$ 10,952,072	\$ 407,072
State Sources	89,000	187,000	318,626	131,626
Federal Sources	4,146,000	4,083,000	4,287,886	204,886
Other Grants and Contributions	-	5,000	5,336	336
Other Local Sources	110,000	174,000	106,705	(67,295)
Interest	-	-	124,087	124,087
Total Revenues	15,345,000	14,994,000	15,794,712	800,712
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	6,684,000	6,766,000	6,650,277	(115,723)
Special Education	3,005,000	3,407,000	3,341,937	(65,063)
Student Support Services	1,205,000	1,186,000	1,174,171	(11,829)
Instruction Support Services	30,000	30,000	-	(30,000)
Administration Support	2,267,000	000 2,269,000 2,		(81,084)
Pupil Health	155,000	155,000	104,725	(50,275)
Business Services	-	-	72,900	72,900
Operations and Maintenance	592,000	587,000	713,138	126,138
Student Transportation Services	-	-	8,213	8,213
Other Support Services	150,000	150,000	145,676	(4,324)
Student Activities	78,000	86,000	179,971	93,971
Capital Outlays	2,504,000	99,000	38,899	(60,101)
Debt Service - Principal - Lease Liability	-	-	22,265	22,265
Debt Service - Interest Expense	-	-	6,895	6,895
Total Expenditures	16,670,000	14,735,000	14,646,983	(88,017)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (1,325,000)	\$ 259,000	1,147,729	\$ 888,729
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			4,219,136	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 5,366,865	

# MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL — HARRITY ELEMENTARY SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF PSERS NET PENSION LIABILITY AND CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)

#### Schedule of Proportionate Share of PSERS Net Pension Liability (NPL) PSERS Measurement Date (Unaudited) (in Thousands)

\_ \_ \_ \_ \_

							PSERS		
						School's	Fiduciary		
						Proportionate	Net Position		
	PSERS Net F	Pension L	_iability			Share of NPL	as a Percent		
		Sc	chool's	So	chool's	as a Percent	of Total		
Measurement	School's	Pro	oportion	Co	overed	of Covered	Pension		
Date	Proportion		Share		Payroll	Payroll	Liability		
1 00 .001.1	0.00070/	<b>•</b>	0.004	<b>^</b>	0.000	0400/	F7 000/		
June 30, 2014	0.0237%	\$	9,381	\$	3,022	310%	57.20%		
June 30, 2015	0.0222%		9,617		2,862	336%	54.40%		
June 30, 2016	0.0220%		10,857		2,842	382%	50.10%		
June 30, 2017	0.0192%		9,483		2,561	370%	51.80%		
June 30, 2018	0.0167%		8,017		2,245	357%	54.00%		
June 30, 2019	0.0149%		6,971		2,054	339%	55.66%		
June 30, 2020	0.0144%		7,140		1,919	372%	54.32%		
June 30, 2021	0.0146%		5,994		2,089	287%	63.67%		
June 30, 2022	0.0133%		5,913		1,927	307%	61.34%		

# PSERS Schedule of Contributions (Unaudited) (in Thousands)

 Fiscal Year	Red	actually quired ibutions	Contributions Recognized by PSERS		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll		Contributions as a Percent of Covered Payroll	
2014/15	\$	551	\$	551	\$	-	\$	2,862	19.25%	
2015/16		663		663		-		2,842	23.33%	
2016/17		713		713		-		2,561	27.84%	
2017/18		697		697		-		2,245	31.05%	
2018/19		711		711		-		2,054	34.62%	
2019/20		640		640		-		1,919	33.35%	
2020/21		698		698		-		2,089	33.41%	
2021/22		662		662		-		1,927	34.35%	
2022/23		637		637		-		1,857	34.31%	

Note – 10 years are required, additional years will be added as they become available.

#### Notes to Required Supplemental Information

- (1) Methods and Assumptions used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Proportionate Share of PSERS Net Pension Liability and Contributions:
  - Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Level % of Pay.
  - Investment Return The investment rate of return was 7.00%, including inflation at 2.50%.
  - Salary Increases Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
  - Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale.

# MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL — HARRITY ELEMENTARY SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF PSERS NET OPEB LIABILITY AND CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)

#### Schedule of Proportionate Share of PSERS Net OPEB Liability PSERS Measurement Date (Unaudited) (in Thousands)

						School's		
						Proportionate	PSERS	
						Share of Net	Fiduciary	
	PSERS Net	OPEB Li	ability	_		OPEB	Net Position as	
		Sc	School's School's			Liability as a	a Percentage of	
Measurement	School's	Propo	Proportionate		overed	Percentage of	Total OPEB	
Date	Proportion	S	hare	Payroll		Covered Payroll	Liability	
June 30, 2017	0.0192%	\$	391	\$ 2,561		15.27%	5.73%	
June 30, 2018	0.0167%		348		2,245	15.50%	5.56%	
June 30, 2019	0.0149%		317		2,054	15.43%	5.56%	
June 30, 2020	0.0144%		311		1,919	16.21%	5.69%	
June 30, 2021	0.0145%		345		2,089	16.52%	5.30%	
June 30, 2022	0.0132%		243		1,927	12.61%	6.86%	

#### PSERS OPEB Schedule of Contributions (Unaudited) (in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Rec	actually juired ibutions	ed by PSERS		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll		Contributions as a Percent of Covered Payroll	
2017/18	\$	18	\$	18	\$	-	\$	2,245	0.80%	
2018/19		19		19		-		2,054	0.93%	
2019/20		16		16		-		1,919	0.83%	
2020/21		17		17		-		2,089	0.81%	
2021/22		16		16		-		1,927	0.83%	
2022/23		14		14		-		1,857	0.75%	

Note – 10 years are required, additional years will be added as they become available.

#### Notes to Required Supplemental Information

- (2) Changes in Actuarial Assumptions
  - The investment rate of return was changed from 2.18% to 4.09%.
- (3) Methods and Assumptions used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Proportionate Share of PSERS Net OPEB Liability and Contributions:
  - Actuarial cost method was entry age normal, level percent of pay.
  - Investment return 4.09% S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate.
  - Effective average salary growth of 4.5%, comprising 2.50% for inflation and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit and seniority increases.
  - Premium Assistance reimbursement benefits capped at \$1,200 per year.
  - Assumed health care cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
  - Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale.
  - Participation rate:
    - Eligible retirees will elect to participate pre-age 65 at 50%
    - Eligible retirees will elect to participate post-age 65 at 70%.

#### MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL — HARRITY ELEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title U.S. Department of Education	Source Code	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date	Grant Amount	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2022	Total Received for the Year	Federal Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2023
Pass-Through Pennsylvania Department of Education:									
Title I - Improving Basic Programs	I	84.010	013 231095	7/25/22 - 9/30/23	\$ 778,093	\$-	\$ 778,093	\$ 778,093	\$-
Title II - Improving Teacher Quality	I	84.367	020 231095	7/25/22 - 9/30/23	51,729	-	47,243	51,729	4,486
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment	I	84.424	144 221095	7/7/21 - 9/30/22	59,358	36	36	-	-
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment	I	84.424	144 231095	7/25/22 - 9/30/23	61,892	-	58,960	61,892	2,932
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund: COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School	l I	84.425D 84.425U	200 211095 223 211095	3/13/20 - 9/30/23 3/13/20 - 9/30/24	2,914,700 5,895,594	428,294 (321,578)	474,486 2,894,201	46,192 2,911,306	- (304,473)
Emergency Relief 7% COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	I	84.425U	225 211095	3/13/20 - 9/30/24	458,220	44,120	158,294	276,631	162,457
Homeless Children and Youth Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	I	84.425W	181 212242	7/1/21 - 9/30/24	23,806	5,759 156,595	7,935 3,534,916	16,216 3,250,345	14,040 (127,976)
Pass-Through School District of Philadelphia:									
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Part B	I	84.027	N/A	7/1/21 - 6/30/22	199,424	199,424	199,424	-	-
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Part B	I	84.027	N/A	7/1/22 - 6/30/23	145,827			145,827	145,827
Total U.S. Department of Education						356,055	4,618,672	4,287,886	25,269
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards						\$ 356,055	\$ 4,618,672	\$ 4,287,886	\$ 25,269

D - Direct Funding

I - Indirect Funding

Note: There were no awards passed through to subrecipients.

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL — HARRITY ELEMENTARY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activities of the federal financial assistance programs of Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary (the School). Financial awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as financial assistance passed through other governmental agencies or nonprofit organizations, are included in the schedule.

#### NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the School and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*.

# NOTE 3 RELATIONSHIP TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents only a selected portion of the activities of the School. It is not intended to, nor does it, present either the balance sheet, revenue, expenditures, or changes in fund balances of governmental funds. The financial activity for the aforementioned awards is reported in the School's statement of activities and statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – governmental funds.

# NOTE 4 INDIRECT COST RATE

Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 16, 2023.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

King of Prussia, Pennsylvania November 16, 2023



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

# **Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program**

#### **Opinion on the Major Federal Program**

We have audited Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023. Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary' complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

# Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary' and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

# Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary' federal programs.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Mastery Charter School Harrity Elementary's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Mastery Charter School – Harrity Elementary's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

King of Prussia, Pennsylvania November 16, 2023

#### MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL — HARRITY ELEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Section I – Summary	of Auditors' Results				
Finan	cial Statements					
1.	Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified				
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:					
	Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no				
	<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?</li> </ul>	yes <u>X</u> none reporte	d			
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no				
Feder	al Awards					
1.	Internal control over major federal programs:					
	Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no				
	<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?</li> </ul>	yes <u>X</u> none reported	ł			
2.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified				
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes <u>X</u> no				
Identi	fication of Major Federal Programs					
Federal Assistance Listing Number(s)		Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
8	4.425D, 84.425U, and 84.425W	COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Programs				
	threshold used to distinguish between A or Type B programs was:	\$ <u>750,000</u>				
Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee	X yes no				

#### MASTERY CHARTER SCHOOL — HARRITY ELEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

# Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards.* 

Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Programs

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

# Section IV – Prior Audit Findings

There were no prior year findings required to be reported under the Uniform Guidance.